Prioe 9d.

## LOOKING BACKWARDS.

War came this year to cut off suddenly the activities of ringers, as it disrupted the even flow of almost every phase of normal life, and 1939 goes out amid an upheaval, the effects of which no one can foresee. In attempting a review of ringing in the past twelve months it is only possible to say that a year which opened brightly and showed great prospects of producing results as good as if not better than any of its immediate predecessors has ended in placing the art under a heavy cloud. Compared with the great issues at stake that is a matter of no importance, but one cannot help regretting the setback which ringing has received. That it will recover in the better days which lie ahead, when his conflict is over, and the world, we hope, will be allowed to live in peace, there can be no doubt. Ringing rose after the last war to greater heights than evesbefore, and it will do so again when this country and its Allies come, as assuredly they will, successfully out of the war. But unti! those happier days it is left to the ringers who remain in the belfries to carry on the task as best they can.
Reviewing, in these last days of the old year, the effect of the war on ringing, the most striking thing was the sudden cessation of everything connected with the activities of ringers when war was declared. Nothing could have been more complete than the way in which ringing was abandoned. It was, perhaps, not altogether surprising. Everyone had anticipated that, as soon 25 war broke out, the country would be subjected to devastating attacks from the air, and no one knew where the blows would fall. Until there had been time to measure the effects of the changed world about us, it was natural that ringing, among other things, should be entirely suspended. Slowly, however, after the first two or three weeks, when it was found that the threatened attacks from the air did not materialise, ringers began to retura to their towers. In the limited revival which has followed we think' The Ringing World' can claim some share for the lead it gave. That there was no official reason for the abandonment of belf ringing has been made plain in the Control of Noise Orders which have been issued by the Minister of Home Security. The authorities, except a few local police officials, have seen no objection to the normal use of bells, and. it is now becoming the general practice once again to ring for Sunday services, where blackout restrictions do not intervene. More and more, we hope, ringers will get the bells going in town and village and, with regard to the latter, we think the recent pronouncement of the (Continued on page 782.)

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##  <br> GEO. STAEET, emeaver, 6, PARK 8T., MINEHEAD, SOMERSET

Minister of Hone Security, that it is not even intended that air raid warnings sha! be sounded in rural areas, gives still greater reason why any local bans which may still remair on the ringing of village church bells should be lifted.

But what of the year 1939 before the war began? The eight months to the enll of August were full of promise. No record lengths were rung, but records were made in other directions which rank equally jigh in merit. Foremost, probably, were the performances by bands in the Lincoln Diocesan Guild. A six-bell company, it will be remembered, made three succossive records in spliced method ringing by increasing the number of methods in a peal of Minor fron $8_{4}$ to 100 , then to 102 and afterwards to 104. These were outstanding achievements which only a few years ago were not even dreamed of, for the reason, if for nothing else, that it was not deemed possible to incorporate so many methods in seven true extents of Minor. Then, too, Lincolnshire must be credited witls one of the other notable performances of the year when a band rang a peal in ten Surprise Major methods. Worcestershire men also gathered laurels by ringing a spliced peal in eght Surprise Major methods, and the Hertfordshire handlbell band continued their remarkable achicvements by further peals in Spliced Surprise Major on handbells. Yes, the year certainly showed greal promise, for alongside these outstanding performances were many hangs whin indicated progress in many cuarters.

But the blow which fell at the end of August and seemed at firsi entireiy to paralyse ringing will prove to be merely one of the fortunes of war. True, with the calls made uporn the mind and energy of men, such things as ringing must take a very subsidiary place, yet there is, nevertheless, a place even for ringing in the distracted life which we are now living. The coming year may present new difliculties, and in anv event ringing inevitably must be carried on in a very subodued manner, but that is no reason why all concerned, both in towers and associations, should not bend all their available energies towards keeping the art going and strengthening their forces, ats far as possible, against the time wher peate on earth will once more permit the bells to come agyain into their own: when in Tennyson's immortal words, they may indeed:

Ring out the thousand wars of old, Ring in the thousand years of peace.

Ring in the valiant man and frec,
The larger hearl, the kindlier iand,
Ring out the darkness of the land,
Ring in the Christ that is to be.

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1 / 2 \text { ( } 6 \text { sopies for } 6 /- \text { ). }
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## EIGHT BELL PEAL.

## COALBROOKDALE, SHROPSHIRE. THE SHROPSHIRE ASSOOLATION

On Satiruday, Detomber 16. 1939, in Three Ifoqys and Six Minutes, At the Cburch of tar Holy Trinity,
A PEAL OF GRANOSIRE TRIPLEE, boto CHANQEAI
$\qquad$
William Saunders ... ...Trable Josepr Hanley... ... ... G. Litonard Hewity ... 2 "Alan M. Jones ... ... ... 6 E. Dennis Poolr
 6 Conducted by E. V. Roprnaprst.

* I'irsk peal. Rung after neeting short for Grandsire Cabers. Specially urranged and 1 1ung on the oceasion of the marriage al Leone Seueft, dnughter of Dr. and 3rs, C . Underwood Whitney, to Lient. E. Leo Keliett Donaldson Wood, Royal Navy. The bride' brothers, Rupert and Tony, are members of tho Conlbrookdele hond. Also rung as 8 birthdey compliment to the ringer of the fourth.


## SIX Bell PEAL.

CLIFTORD, HEREFORDSHLRE.
THE HEREFORD DIOCESAN GUILD.
On Saturday, Decomber 16, 1939, in Two Howrs aņ /hirty-Five Minutes, At fhe Ceqreb of St. Mary

## A PEAL OF DOUBLES, 5040 CHANGES;

Being 720 each of Morning Star, Canterbury Pleasure, Plain Bob, Cifford Pleasure, Percy's Plemsure, Reverse Canterbury and Grandsire, Tenor 121 cwt.

| William Beavar |  | ...Trabla | *A, Bryan Elsmore |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jawes P. Hye |  |  | David H. Bumarti |  |
| LesLie Evans |  | - 3 | Alerert E. Jonrs |  |

Conducted by J. P. Hyett.

* Fhust perl in sevor molhodg. Rung in hanour of His Majesty's birtuday Quickest peal on the back sla holls


## HANDBELL PEALS

BUSHEY. FERTS
THE MIDDLESEX COUNTY ASSOCIATION AND LONDON DIOCESAN GUILD
On Whadrsday, Dechnbsy 20, 1939, ir Two Howrs and Elever Minntes At the Rectony,
A PEAL DF LITTLE BOB MAJOR. 5040 CHANCE: Tenar size 15 in C .
 Composed by B. Annable. Conducted by Ernest C. S. Tornir.

* First peal of Litite Bob Majow. Rung on the tenth anniversary of E. A. Barnelt's first peal. The band would tike to thank the Rev I. S. R. Beckley for his kindness in providing accommadation and refreshment for them.

GULIDFORD, SURREX
THE GUILDFORD DIOCESAN GUILD.
Or Saturday, Dectmber 23, 1939, in 7 wa Hows and Thirly-Five Minntes.
At the Royal Grammar Schonl
A PEAL OF GRANDSIRE TRIPLES, 5040 CHANGES|

## Holz's Original.

J. Armiger Trollopr... ... I-2 Ernest C. J. Torner...
 5-5

## THE COLLEGE YOUTHS.

INTERESTING ADDI'HONS TO THE SOCIETY'S ARCHIFES. An addition was recently made to the collection of books in the Cockerill Wemorial Bookcase' in St. Paul's Cathedral belfry. This was the book recording the names of the subscrihers to a presentation purst, given to the late James Pettit in the late 'g0'
The following superseription has been added in the form of a $0 y$ leaf: - This book, originallv given to the late Mr. James pettit, a leai: This book, originalivgiven to the College Youths and Lender of Si. Pauls Cathedral ringers, was discovered in after years at Bristol It was then luought and lindly given to the socrety by Messrs, I. IT. Dyke and S. H. Wood, both oif whomere well-known members. The book records the names of those fellow-ringers and members of the sociely who scibscribed to the presentation, A few only now remain, and one of the oldeat, Mr. F. E. Dswe, Past Master, has kindly provided this Faperscription. July, "1939."

## THE LATE MR. J. H. CHEESMAN.

HIS List OF PEALS.
The funcrat of the late Mr. Fohn H. Cheesman, of Greamithe, whose deadt at Margate Huspital on December 15 th we recorded last whoge deadh al Margate Hospital on December leti we recorded hast
week, took place at Store, near Dartford, on Decmber 20th, and was conducted by tlae Rector. In addition to the family mourners the following rivgers were present: Messrs. H. Hoskins (representing the Ancient Socisty of College louths), G. W. Steere (lions, secretary, represerting the Society of Royal Cupuberland Fouths), E. Barnelt (representing the Kent County Association), H. E. Audsley, J. Betrnet1. I. Bailey, E. H. Oxenham and Finn (Lyminge). Mr. Finn fook part, in Mr. Cheesman's first peal, rung 50 years ago.
Mr. Cleessurn, who was hor maty years represphtative of that Kent Cobnty. Assoriation on the Cuntral Council, ramg, in tufl, 1 , woti peals, of which he conducted 433 . Or these 159 were rung at S . Joln the Haptist's Church, Exith, 155 at crayford and 85 at 1)artford. He rompleled livs 1,000 peals in Decemher, 1335, and his last penl was at Hexley ill fune, 1938. There was nuver a nore unnsumivg ringer or one more modest aluout lais melievenemte than Jolm Cheesman, whose passing is motarned liy is large eirels of tinging friente. Appended is tic list of his peals:-

## Minor

Triples-Grandsive
Plain Bols
Cantarhury Pleasure
Eritu
Oxford Boit
Darlnston Bo
Cniont
Steduman
Major-Plain Bob
Reverse Boly
Carterlury pleasur
Double Norwich
Real Double Norwimh
Double Oxford
Hercward Boh
St. Clement's
Painswick College
Pulford Bob
Little Bolz
Lititle Cunterbury
Crayfurd Little Court
Dertford Jittle Bob
Erith Little Bob
Nortlifleet Little Bob
Duffield
Forward
Kent Treble Bob
Osford Treble Bob
Grantu Treble Bob
Cam Treble Boly
Kamt and Oxford Trełle Bob
Boh Major and Stedman Triples
Bob Major, Kent and Orford Treble Bob
Boh Major and Canterbury Pleasure
Bobs Major and Double Norwich
Bols Major and Double Oxford
Double Norwich and Dotble Oxford
Camebridge and Superlative Surprise
Cambridge Surprise
Superhative Surprisorise
New Cumberland Surprige
Norfolk Surprise
Forkslitre Surprige
Pudsay Surprise
Lincolnslive Surprise
Ipswich Surprise
Staffordehire Surprise
Frith Surprise
Crayford Surprise
Lestness Surprise
Wbeatley Stirprise
L.ondor Surprise

Bristol Surprise
(d) $\begin{array}{r}33 \\ 4\end{array}$

Four Spliced Surprisn
Caters-Szedman
(e) 92

Royal-Little Bob
Kent Crehle Bob
Oxfarù Treble Bob
Can, Treble Boh
Kent and Oxford Treble Boin
Cambridge Surprise
Cinques-Grandsire
Stedman
(Continmed on rext page.)

## WITH PENCIL AND PAPER.

## SOME RULES OF METHOD CONSTRUCTION.

When, nearly fity years ago, the Central Council was started, it set itself the task of drawing up rujes, formulating definitions, and generally tidying up all matters conrected with the art and science.

In this it was largely influenced by Sir Arthur Heywood (or, as he was then, Mr. Percival Heywood) and naturally so, for he was fully qualified socially and intellectually to be a leader of nen.

Among the things he desired to have settled were the rules which should govern the construction of a method. He had, himself, given the matter a lot of consideration, had published several articles in 'The Bell News,' and in his excellent little book on Duffield had explained many of the qualities which he thought every method should possess.

Quite a number of people were publishing methods which offended his sense of what was reght, and he thought that the way out of the difficulty would be for the Council to draw up a number of definite rules to distinguish what was then called a 'legitimate' method from an 'illegitimate ' one.

He did not actually introduce the matter himself, for he was the President and would, of course, have to occupy the chair, but left it to Henry Earle Bulwer, with whom he had closely collaborated in several investigations into ringing problems, and who was very largely in sympathy with his views.

The result was not quite what was intended. Instead of a few simple rules being agreed to, a committee was appointed to go into the matter. This was the beginning of the Methods Committee and of a long and keenly fought out controversy.

For it speedily became clear that there was anything but agrement on the matter among those people who were called 'experts,' and it is equally clear now that this disagreement was mainly because all those people did not really know so much about the matter as they thought they did.

The question has been settled, not by one set of controversialists being proved to be right and the other wrong (for that can hardly be said), but by bringing to the test of actual experience what was for the most part in those days conjecture and theory.

Heywood's own jdeas were mainty based on the dictum that the only thing which matters is music. Everything must give way to that, and he had formed some definite opinions of what rnade for good music and what lid not.

Not all of then will stand any real test. He accepted the rule, as did everyone else, that the tenors should be kept together as nuch as possible and held, rightly, that double dodging is the finest movement in ringing. But he did not stop to consider what nathematical laws were involved in combining the two. In fact, neither he nor anyone else thought that mathematical laws had anything particular at all to do with the construction of a method. The bells were mixed up in a lead, pretty much as one liked within limits, and if a lead end was produced which would repeat the required number of times, a method, good or bad as the case might be, was the result.

One rule he rather strongly insisted on for the sake of the music. Places should not be made together side by side. He did not go so far as to say that it must never be done, but, in his opinion, it was a defect.

It is difficult to follow him here and to see why, for instance, the first four changes of Oxford Treble Bols, in which third's and fourth's are made together, are musically inferior to the first four changes of Superlative, where third's and sixth's are made.
C. D. P. Davies was a great authority on the composition of Grandsire Triples. In that he did pioneer work of real excelience. When he started, the problen was whether a peal in the nethod was possible with common bobs only, and this coloured and influenced his entire outlook on all ringing problems. A peal of Grandsire on seven bells should (if possible) consist of triple changes and triple changes only, and therefore an eight bell method must consist of alternate quadruple and triple changes without any deviation from the regular succession.

That meant that only those methots which we recently described as 'backstroke' metlools were legitimate. It meant that such methods of London and Bristol and, above all, Cambridge, were to be rejected as 'iilegitimate,' and that he was quite prepared to do. He had the courage of his opinions, and he published one or two pamphlets and his book on the Surprise Methods to spread these ideas.

Heywood rather inclined to the same opinion. He laid it down as an axiom that ' every bell must move that can move,' which, properly understood, is a perfectly sound and important truth. It must be remembered that in those days London was rung only by one or two very expert bands, and Cambridge was rather despised as an early and crude attempt at method building. These ideas, which to us seem rather absurd, could easily be reconciled with the methods then rung.

But Heywood had an advantage which Davies and Bulwer lacked. He was closely associated with the Burton-on-Trent band and had a good band in his own tower and so could bring his theories to the test of personal practical experience. He had rung peals of London and was not prepared to reject it altogether. His conclusion was rather a lame one. London might brcak the strict rule, but the question was how much illegitimacy might be allowed in a legitimate method.

After half a century's experience the conclusion the Exercise has reached is that the regular succession of the nature of the rows is of no importance, except so far as it is necessary for the production of true peals.

There are still, however, a large number of men who hold that a seven-bell merhod must be all triple changes and a nine-bell method all cater changes.

THE LATE MR J H CHEESMANS LIST OF PEALS
(Continued from previous page.)

(8) Including 11,008 and 15,072 . (b) Iucisaing 10,084. (c) Two Combined, one Spliced. (d) Induding 15,072 (recordi). (e) Ibeluding 18,027. (f) Including 7.392 at St. Mary-le-Bow, Cheangide.

## MIDLAND COUNTIES ASSOCIATION

## DERBY DISTRICT

The last meeting of the year was held at St. Michael's, Alvasten, on Satarday, December 16th, when members attended from Nottingham, Snwley, Breaston, Burton, Ticknall, Spondon and Derby, with the local ringers. The methods rung included Bob Minor, Granisire mad Stedman Doubles, Oxford Treble Bob, Cambridge Surprise, Spliced Treble Bob, Double Cuurt, Oxford Bob and Kent Treble Bob
A short business meetjog was held in the belfry, at which the secretary read a lelter from the Ohief Constable gaymg he did not think it would be wise to ring the bells for any, lengthy period either on Clristmas Eve or any other day, as it might interfere with an asr raid waraing. The meeting interpreted this as referring to peal ringing The secretary stated that lie had left with the police a copy of 'The Ringiag World' containing the correspondance with the authorities on tire subject, and had been advised to carry on as usual unless he beard from them to the contrary.
The annual meeting and the election of officers will be leld at St. Andrew's, Derby, on Sgaturday, Jantuary 13th, 1840.
The seeretary gave a short summary of the meetimg held auring the year. Nize meetiags were held, end one, which was arranged Et Belper just prior to the outbreak of war, had to be postponed, the Vicar eafing that lie considered the bells ought not to be rung, as the public might put a wrong construction on the matter. The average attendance was 24 . Sevon new ringing members had been alected, bix had rejoined and three had beea tranferred from tho Burton district owing to removals, one of them being the Rev. LioydJones, who was now Rector of West Hallem. Two old members, Mr. Walter Wallace and Mr. Charles Davies, of Melbourne, had been added to the list of life members.
This was considered a very aatisfuctory statement in wiew of the war and the fect that meetings had been discontinued in the district. Fandbells were then brought into use and brought to a conclusion what all considered had been a very successful meeting.

## COLLEGE YOUTHS' STEWARD MARRIED.

On Saturday, December 2nd, at St. Dunstan's, Stepney, the marriage took place between Mr. G. W. Cecil and Miss Inlig Harrison,
Mr. Cecil js an offece of the St. Dunstan's band ane junier stewnrd of the Ancient Society of College Youths, The bride was attended by her sister, Miss May Harrison, and Mr. Frank Shorler was best man. As the party jeft the clurch 720 of Bob Minor was rung by memberg of the St. Dunstan's Guild: $G$. Boomsma $l_{1}$ H. Stracey 2 , T. G. Fox 3, H. E. Thompson 4, R. G. Cousins 5, L. J. Fox (conductor) 6 .

## FOUR-PART PEALS OF BOB MAJOR <br> WHAT THE BARKTNG MEN DID.

To the Editor.
Dear Sir,-Recently in "The Ringing World' you pablished the figures of two peals of Bob Major. The firgt one I kyow well.
When wa stacted to learn to ring at Barking in the terrible winter of I895 we were being laught change rimging wader Samuel Hayes and York Green. We went along rather fast and were soon tekea on to ring bandbells. We practised Bob Major at first and we soon mastered thal, those wha tools part being T. Faulsner, A. Herdy, E. Fene end C. Fenn. While we were making heedway York Green gave ps something te do. He wanted one of us to composed a peal so that when wa rang it wa could make it afl Barking
A. Hardy was first to get a compasition and gave his peal to York Green, who proved it. I got one out a fow weeks leter. It was a wariation of Hardy's and was the same as you published in 'The Ringing World ' last weak. Hardy's peal was ruyg on handbells on July 4th, 1896, condacted by T. Faulhmer. I kave enclosed the figures. The one you published was rang at Harwich, Essex, and A. Hardy whs the composer and it whs a variation to his,
Afterwarde Mr. Green asked us to get the sixth the other way. namely, 24 times $R$. and 20 times W. I got the peal out and geve it to Mr. Green, who asked us to ring it on tower bells, as he would lire to hear it. It was rung, without a clip, on April 18th, 1903, ead Whas the first neal by all axtives of Barking. Sevaral College Youths Were outaide to heas it. The peals ware published with figures in "The Bell News."
Tho Beling

| A. C. Hardy. | O. Femr. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 23456 W B M H | 23456 W B M H |
| 23564 - 3 | 52364 |
| $24536-2$ | 43525 |
| 53248 - 1 | 24365 |
| 34562 - 3 | 45362 |
| 32546 ... $\quad 2$ | 23564 |
| Rung July 4th, 1896. | 24536 - - 2 |
|  | 32546 - 3 |
|  | Ruag April 18tk, 1903. |

DAWLEY, SHROPSHIRE-At the Church of the Holy Trinity, e quarter-peal of Grandsirc Doubles (1,260 changes): SSidney Douglab (aged 15) 1, *S. Rurhton 2, F. Atwood 3, H. Jonea 4, 4 . Rirch (conductor) $5, *$ W. Houlston 6 . * First querter-peal. Rung for the weddiag of Dorothy Lewis-Prica and D. James Pearce.

## John Taylor \& Co.

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## IMPORTANT NOTICE.

The war-time derangement of the postal services and the necessity of getting the copies of ' The Ringing World ' into the hands of the publishers earlier on Thursday make it absolutely essential that all contributions to our columns, and particularly all notices, should be in our hands by MONDAY in each week. We eannot guarantee the insertion in the following issue of anything received later.

We hope that secretaries will send us prompt reports of their mestings, and we shall welcome any items of news relating to ringers and ringing, but they must reach us early.

## t Tifappy Rlew year to all tringers

 đdberever tbey may be.
## BELERY GUSSEP.

Messrs Mears and Stumbuas Lave just completed the rehauging of the bells at Milborue Port, somerset, where the tenor is 28 ewt .
The Whitechapel Foundry bes also campletely relung with nitungs the six bells at Priors Marston, Warwickshire. The bell frame has also been strengthened.
Rogate, Sussex, has a timber tower, containing siz bells. Messra. Mears and Stainbank have strenghemed the tower and repaired tho bells
Si: Arthur Heywood, con of Sir Perceval Heywood, the third baronet, wus bora on Cliristmas Day, 1849. He died on April 18th, 1916, durirg the Great War. For many years tie wes the undisputed head of the finging Execcist.
We arc pleased to stute that Mr. A. Parther is now at lis home at 29, Avenue Road, Watlou-Dearne, where he is progressing favourably after bis recent operatious.
The rehanging of shotteswell bells, Warwickshire, las been entrusted to Mir. Thomas Bond, of Burford, Oxon. As lie is at present employed on work of national importance, these bells will be rehung as soon as circumstanges permit.
It may be interesting to add that the fourth belt was recast in 1887 by Mr. Bond.
Folt's Original was rung at Saffron Walden on Cluristmas Day, 1754. by the "Society of Young Ringers of the Town, "to the no small Mortification of their antagonisis (same of the ofd society).' The bobs were called dy Charles Bacos, who rang the second, but whether he had any visible aids to memory in so doing is perliaps rather doubtiul. John Holt, himself, a little more than three years earlier, had ealied from תanuscript without taking a rope.
More long peals lave been rung on December 26ih than on any other diate in the year. Anoug them are the following: 15, 168 Kent Treble Bob Major, at Lilland in 1831: 8,064 Double Norwich Court Treble Bob Major, at Llland in 1812 : 8 , obat ative Surprise Major, at Crawley in 1894: 11,111 Stedman Cingues, at Birminegham in 1901; 9,728 Superletive Surprise Major, at Clent in 1910 ; and 10,442 Cambridge Surprise Royal at Walthamstow in 1923.
On the same date in 1760 the College Foullis rang a peal of College Exercise Major at St. John'g, Huckney. Almost certainly the composition mas a false one.
On December Z7th 1718 , the Union Scholars raug at St. Dunstan's-in-the-Esst the first peal ever achieved of Oxford Treble Bob Major, and, indeed, of any Major method. The five-part composition, which probably was composed oy Robert Baldwin, was true, more we suspect by luck than by wit.
Thirty years fater, on the same date, the "Friendly Society of Ringers "rang at St. Anorew ${ }^{2}$ Folborn, 8,000 clanges of Bob Major. This is the only notice we have of this society and probably the name was taken for the occasion by a band nuade up from more ilian one company. The board, which was still in existence 60 yearg ago, luas long since disappeared.
The 27 th is also the anniversary of geseral lond lengtlis, including 6,000 Bob Major, at Twiekenham in 1749 ; 6,600 Stedman Cinques, af Birmingham in 1820: 16,608 Kent Treble Bob Major, at Earlsheaton in 1872 ; und 17, 104 Double Norwich Court Bob Major, at South Wigsion in 1904.

Doubts were expressed as to the iruth of the Earlabeaton prul, and is is noi now recognisad as a genuine record.
On the last day of the year $1888,15,041$ changet of Stedman Caters were rung at Appleton: aund in 1892, 12,096 elanger of Double Fowwich Court Bab Major at Maidenhead.

## CHURCH BELLS OF LONDON.

ST. OLAVE'S, HART STREET.
By J. Armger Trollope.
St. Olave's is one of the smallest, but one of the must interesting of the City churches. It was built in the fifteenth century, and the inventory made in the reign of Edward VI. records that "there remayneth in the steple iiij greate belles and a saunce bell


ST. OLAVE'S, HART STREET, LONDON.
Queen Elizabeth is said to have returned thanks in the church on her release from the Tower, where she had been confined in her sister's reign. The tale goes that, to commemorate the event, she presented the church with a set of silken bellropes, and the parish erected a crown above the weathercock on the steeple.

The latter part of the story may be true (there is a crown above the weathercock at the present time), but
the other is clearly a legend, though, since Elizabetly liked to hear church bells rung, it may have had some foundation in fact.

St. Olave's is closely associated with Samnel Pepys. It was his parish church, and in it he is buried. On January 3oth, 1666, he set down in his diary-' This is the first time I have been in the church since I left London for the plague and it frightened me incleed to wo through the church more than I thought it could have done to see so many graves lie so high upon the churchyard where people had been buried of the plague. I was much troubled at it and do not think to go through again a good while.
Anthony Bartlet, of the Whitechapel foundry, had just recently (i662) hung a ring of six bells in the tower, and they are all there still, except the tenor, which was recast by James Bartlet in 1694.

The church escaped the great fire of 1566 , but very narrowly. Burning embers fell into Scething Lanc, which runs by the east end of the building, and the dial of All Hallows' Church at the bottom of the lane was burnt. Tluat was the furthest point reached by the fire sowards the east.

Like all the rings at the other City churches, St. Olave's bells were runy regularly, cluring the following years, but they do not figure in the history of London ringing. The leading socicties, who had rings of eight, ter and twelve bells at their disposal, were inclined to despise six-bell ringing, and no record survives of any peal of Minor rung in une of the hall dozen City toweris which possessed six bells.

The Rambling Ringers paiel a visit to the belfry on December 6tio, 1733, alrd rang one 720 of Plain Bob and another of College Single. Jeremiah Ciilbert rang the treble (he rang the treble to the first peal scored by the Cumberlands), Laughton rang the third, and John Trenell rang the tenor. Trenell was a fine heavy bellringer, when afterwards took part in many peals with the College Youths.

In 1929 the bells of St. Olave's were rehung and two trebles were added by the Whitechapel foundry, making them a very handy octave. A good many peals have since been rung on them in all the Standard methods, the most notable being one in which every member of the band had already scored over a thousand peals.

## A SWEDISH TRANSLATION OF 'THE NINE TAILORS'

## To the Editor.

Dear Si ,-I nolice a suggestion that. a Tro of Stednan Minor Mriny not have treeu rung since Duember ZGth, 1819 . Some 35 years ago I suw Tharstans" composition of a 780 , with the result that it whs rung one evening at St. Michac's, Gurston.
Being confined to my bed in a filaggow hatel wilh influenza, 1 have no means of giving you the date in this letter.
By the same posf, as ' The Ringing World ' Chero arrived For ale a ropy of ' De Nio Malarna, just publisbed in Stockholm. This is a Swedish transiution of 'The Nine Tailors.' With it was a charenıg note from Miss Sonja Bergrall, the translator, thanking me for some slight help I was able to give to har, and to this she kindity relers in the prefece.
My athempts to read Swedish have for far been confined to two ut thee technical papers on cement, but $\bar{I}$ hope to read ' $D$ o Nio Malarna, to Eee how far Miss Bergyall has succeeded in the most difficult task of transtatipg such a book

EDWIN $\boldsymbol{H}$. LEWIS.

[^0]
## PEALS OF DOUBLES．

## THE PRESENT ILLOGICAL POSITION．

Now that the activities of ringers are so seriously curtailed，there nay be opportanity to discuss in these columns some of the subjects connected with ringing，which will not be any the worse for ventila－ tion，and may serve to keep interest alive in these clack days．
For instance，althouglt the Central Council，when it met at Center－ bury．settled to its own gatisfaction the question of what should be racognised as a peal of Doubles，it actually left the matter in a very unsatisfactory state．Tho menbers did not visurlisa all the conse－ quences of their decision．What the Council did was to concentrate adtention on Grandsire，mud it is doubtful if any thought at that time was given to Stedman．Aud Stedman Doubles offers an interest－ ing probleni in the light of the decision laid down．
The Council decided that a peal of Doubles shall consist of 5,040 or more changen，rung in：
（a）True and coniplete Six－Scores，without interval between any two Six－Scores，and without rounds or any otber row being struet more than once before the next change is made．
（b）Round blocks consistiag of two or more Six－Scores，provided that esch of the Siz－Scores which comprise the round blocks shell be itself a trite and complete round bloch．
（c）Twelve－Scores known as Morris＇and Pitman＇s．
（d）Combinations of（a），（b）सad（c）above，or any two of them．
Thus the Council saic thet if the following 240 be rung one or more times in a 5,040 ，it may be called a peal．
2345

| S 5423 |  | 3542 |  | 4352 | － 4532 | S 2543 | S 4253 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S 3254 |  | 4235 |  | 5243 | S 2345 | － 4385 | 5342 |
| 84532 | A | 5342 | S | 3452 | －4523 | S 5243 | S 2455 |
| 4253 |  | 5034 |  | 3245 | 4352 | 5324 | 2345 |

But if you want pour peal recornised，you mey not ring the first three blocks and repeat them，although that would produce exactly the bame clasges，with the last half in a different order．Neither may you ring the last three blocis and repeat them，although this arrangement would also produce exactly the same changes as in the original．And yet tirese are $240^{\prime} \mathrm{s}$ mede up by repatition of the two belves of Pitman＇s composition I
There are other types of 240 excluded by the resolution which are just as＇true，＇if such things can come within the category of what has hitherto been deemed＇true＇in ringing．
For example，is there any logical rasan for ruling out the following 240＇s，which ore as near iruth，in Łhe separate six－scores，as Pitman＇s and nearer truth than Morris＇？


Thus it will be geen that the Courci］＇s definition of a peal of Doubles，even it Grandsire，excludes compositiong of exacty like chargeter which is entirely absurd，whichever side you take in the arcument as to what should constitute a true peal of Doubler．
Then take Stedman．Peals of Stedman Doubles are not infrequently rung and deserve some coksideration．
It would probably be passible to compose a peal of Stedman Doubles in one part and conform to the Council＇s definition．Equally it would be possible to compoge a peal in one part which did not canform to the definition and jet include each chenge 42 timea and no more．
Festrictions of epace prevent printing examples of such peals here，but below are givem two＇touches＇of Steaman Doublea．One conforms to the Councl＇s ruling；the other doesn＇t．Yet they contain
all the 120 changes the same number of times ench，and they are produced by the same number of calls．
How many risgers are 组ere，even among those who decided the future of＂peal of Doubles，who can say which of the two，incor－ porated in a peal，would be recognised under the definition and which would not and why one should be accepted if the other is rejected？ The rows are the six－ends，and the two 600＇s are divided into five columas representing 120 changes each．

| 23145 | 14253 | 15243 | 13245 | 13254 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 34251 | 45132 | 54132 | 34152 | 35142 |
| \＄ 34521 | 45321 | 54321 | 34521 | 35421 |
| 42315 | 52413 | 42513 | 42315 | 52314 |
| \＄ 42135 | 52134 | \＄ 42153 | 542135 | S 52134 |
| 23451 | 23541 | 25431 | 23451 | 23541 |
| 23514 | 23415 | 25314 | 23514 | 23415 |
| 37245 | 31254 | S 51234 | 31245 | 31254 |
| 31452 | 31542 | 51342 | 31452 | 31542 |
| 15324 | 14325 | 14523 | 15324 | 14325 |
| S 15234 | \＆ 14235 | \＄ 14253 | 15245 | S 14255 |
| 53142 | 43152 | 45132 | 54132 | 43152 |
| 53421 | 43521 | 45321 | 54323 | S 43512 |
| 32514 | 32415 | 52413 | 42515 | 31425 |
| 832154 | S 32145 | 552143 | \＄ 42153 | 31254 |
| 25341 | 24351 | 24531 | 25431 | 15342 |
| 25413 | 24513 | 24315 | 25314 | 15423 |
| 51234 | 41235 | 41253 | 51243 | S 52145 |
| 51342 | 41352 | 41532 | 51432 | 52431 |
| 14523 | 15423 | 13425 | 13524 | 23514 |
| S 14253 | 515243 | \＄ 13245 | \＄ 13254 | 23145 |
| 23145 | 42153 | 41523 | 34215 | 13542 |
| 34251 | 25431 | 12435 | 41352 | S 34152 |
| \＄ 34521 | 25314 | 12354 | 41523 | 34521 |
| 42315 | S 51234 | 25143 | 12435 | 42315 |
| 42153 | 51342 | S 25413 | 12354 | 42153 |
| 25431 | 14523 | 51234 | S 25134 | 25431 |
| S 25341 | 14235 | 51342 | 25341 | 25314 |
| 54213 | 43152 | 14523 | 54213 | S 51234 |
| 54132 | S 43512 | 14235 | 54132 | 51342 |
| 43521 | 31425 | S 43125 | 4352： | 14523 |
| S 43251 | 31254 | 43251 | 43815 | 14235 |
| 35412 | 15342 | 35412 | S 31425 | 43152 |
| 35124 | 15423 | 35124 | 31254 | S 43512 |
| 52341 | 452143 | 52341 | 15342 | 31425 |
| 850431 | 52431 | 52413 | 15423 | 31254 |
| 25514 | 23514 | \＄ 21543 | 52134 | 15342 |
| $2 \pi 145$ | 23145 | 21435 | S 52314 | 25423 |
| 34251 | 34251 | 13254 | 21543 | 552143 |
| E 34521 | 34512 | 13542 | 21435 | 52431 |
| 42315 | 541352 | 34125 | 13254 | 23514 |
| 42155 | 41523 | \＄ 34215 | 13542 | 23145 |

All this，of course，appeary to favour the argument of those who would admit anything as a pesl of Doubles as long as each change appears 42 times in a recognised method，because once a break is made in the recoguised practice of requiring true extents there is no logical angument against any form of composition，good or bad．

To carry the Council＇m policy to its logical conclusion，both the above ＇touches of Stedmen must be admitted in a peal and so must the alternative 2 赖＂of Grandsire which are printed above．Also，wa ought to admit 240 ＇s made up of：－

$$
\begin{array}{r}
2345 \\
-3434 \\
\text { 工 } 8534 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

Five times repeated with angle batt－way at end．And having gone that far we should accept the same calling repeated 83 times with a aingle balf－way and end；that is to say a peal of Grandsire Doubles with only two singles．Further，we should recognise 5，040＇e of Stedman Doubles with only two aingles and made up otierwine enlirely of plain courséa！

## THE LATE ALFRED PYE．

FUNERAL AT ALDBOROUGH HATGH
3Ir．Aifred Pye，who，as amounced in our last issue，died suddenly on December 12th at the age of 78 ，was buried at Aldhorough Hatch Churchyard on Saturday，the 16th．

Amonf those present were Mesars．G．W．Steere，C．J．Matthews and Arthur Fardy，of the Cumberland Youths：James E．Davis and George Lucns，of the Midulesex County Associntiow；and E．J．Butler， J．W．Butler，W．Watson，G．Dawson and J．H．Crampion，of the Eseex Associatioz．
We hope to gire gome particulars of Mr．Pye＇s ringing career in a future ispae．

## GLOUCESTER \＆BRISTOL DIOCESAN ASSOCIATION．

ANNUAL MEETING OF SWINDON BRANOH．
The ansual meeting of the Swindon Branch was held on Der．9th and the attendance was rather poor．Ringing took place during the afternoon and ranged from counds and Grandsire Doubles to Kent Royal．Tea and meeting followed，at which all the branch officers were re－clected．The towers for the next three meetiags are（D．V．） Stratton St．Margaret；St．Mark＇s，Swindon，and Rodbourne Cheney． Members attended from varions towers in the branch，with visitorn from Cirencester and Trowbridge．

## THE DEKYNS OF COVENTRY.

THE BIRTH OF THE RINGING EXERCISE. (Continued from page 758.)
In addition to the ringing before the services there was ringing which was done during the services as part of the ritual. The two dekyns took turns monthly to ring the sacring bell at High Mass on Sundays and holy days. Evidently this was not a handbell, but a small bell hung on the screen or wall of the choir. No doubt they also rang the sanctus bell, but of that there is no mention.
There was also ringing during the procession before High Mass, for which the dekyns were responsible. This was not mercly knolling by a single bell, but all the tunable bells in the steeple were rung up as high as they could be.
How, we may ask, could the dekyns, busied with their other duties, attend to this ringing? Of course they could not.
In the early days of the Church, when the buildings were small and the services simple, the priest himself rang the bell that summoned the faithful. In some cases it was a handbell, in others a small bell hung on the roof with a cord coming down inside the building.
As time went on and towers were built and heavier bells were cast, and as the services became more elaborate, the ringing was (with other things) entrusted to assistants, who became the clerks in minor orders. So long as only one bell was used, and that could be rung from the fioor of the church, they could quite easily include the bell ringing among the other things they lad to do to assist the priest at the altar. But when the bellis were heavy, when the ringer had to climb a lofty staircase or ladder and especially when several bells had to be rung and not merely tolled, this was no longer possible.
Part of the difficulty was got over by providing the small saunce bells, which were light enough to be rung by a cord coming down to the floor of the church. It is not, I think, known when these bells were introduced, but they were in general use in the fourteenth century. Soon afterwards, and especially in the fifteenth century, the number of bells in the towers of the parish churches was increased. It was no longer possible for the clerks to ring them and attend to their other duties, and so another set of men had to be employed.
In earlier times that would have meant adding to the number of men in minor orders, and there would have been an order of ringers to take their places alongside the ostiarii or door keepers. But in the fourteenth century the time for that sort of thing had long since gone by. The customs and traditions of the Church had crystalised. In theory the clerks were still supposed to do all the ringing themselves, but in practice they had to get others to help them. It was the natural and obvious thing to pick a few strong, lusty young fellows and send them up into the tower to pull on the ropes. So was born the ringing Exercise.
At Holy Trinity, Coventry, it seems that the first dekyn controlled the ringing at procession time and gave the necessary signals to the ringers by knolling the saunce bell, but the second dekyn was responsible for providing half the number of ringers.
Now we must notice that the ringers, as such, did not receive any regular status in the parochial organisa-
tion. They were not the servants of the church, nor were they employed by the church. The parish dealt with the dekyn and the dekyn dealt with the ringers. It was so everywhere, and it continued to be so for five centuries. How much this fact affected and still affects the ringing Exercise is not easy to say.

Once a year, on All Hallows' Eve, the bells were rung throughout the night. It was a very old custom, the origin of which, I believe, is unknown. Perhaps it was a pagan survival and was connected with the belief in evil spirits, which was strong in the Middle Ages and especially in connection with death. The ringing was supposed in some way to beneft all Christian souls. And much in the same way, that in later years, the people of the parish gave to the ringers at Christmas time, so in these old days they collected for the ringers at All Hallows-tide. At evening on All Saints' Day the two dekyns went through the church, the first dekyn on the north side and the second dekyn on the south side and gathered the money.
Notwithstanding the many changes in doctrine and ritual during the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries, the Church of England is (or, at any rate, until lately was) the most conservative Church in Christendom. Her organisation, customs, and traditions went back to remote ages. And especially was this so in the parochial life. Throughout the Reformation period, and even throughout the time of the Commonwealth, the parochial organisation remained unchanged. The parish clerks and sextons of post-Reformation times were the successors of the clerks in the Middle Ages, holding the same office and discharging the same duties adapted to the changes in ritual and doctrine. The two dekyns of Coventry were the predecessors of the later clerks and sextons, and, indeed, in the regulations drawn up at St. Stephen's, Coleman Street, London, in 1467 , only five years after those at Coventry, they are so called by name. In smaller parishes the two offices were often held by the same man; and, as in early times, the bells and ringing were in the charge of the clerks, so they continued to be in the hands of their successors. For instance, in 1628 the following rule was passed at New-castle-under-Lyme-' June io. It is agreed that Thomas Harrison the Church Clarke shall not suffer any peal to be rung, upor pain of twelve pence, without the consent of Mr. Mayor or his deputy for the time being except to prayers and burials and that sparingly.'

Throughout the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries and well down into the nineteenth we never came across an instance where the ringers were appointed or paid by the churchwardens directly, And of any contact between the clergy and the ringers there is absolutely no trace whatever.
I have pointed out elsewhere that the very unsatisfactory state of the Exercise in the nineteenth century was largely due to the fault of the clergy, who grossly neglected their ringers and made no attempt to see that they were recruited from suitable classes. It is easy to attribute this to the sloth and apathy of the eighteenth century, but it would be wrong. The cause is far deeper seated.

It is held by competent authorities that the incumbent has the sole control of the bells, the ringers, and the ringing; and that he alone can say when they shall
(Continued on next pere.)

## THE DEKYNS OF COVENTRY.

## (Continued from previons page.)

be rung and by whom. The church laws (canons they are called) instruct the churchwardens to prevent superstitious ringing, but give them no authority to order or allow any ringing themselves. No doubt this has always been the law, but when we study what we know of the history of the past we get a considerably different impression. The incumbent was the chief man in the parochial organisation, but he was not the only one who held authority. The churchwardens acted independently and on behalf of the laity, to whom very often the bells were important things. The clerk was subordinate to both, but he was not merely their servant. His office was a freehodd and he could not be dismissed at pleasure any more than the parson could. As we have seen, by custom and prescription the belis and ringing were within his province. The clergy did not consider that those matters were their concern, and it is likely that any attempt at interference by them would lave been resented.
The Coventry manuscripts, supplemented by the statutes of St. Stephen's, Coleman Street (1467), and other evidence, give us a good deal of information as to the ringing of bells in mediaval times and the beginnings of the Exercise. We can see that the tale which is sometimes told oi bellis being considered such sacred things that they might only be rung by priests vested in surplices, is a mere fable. We can see also that there was no room for guilds of ringers in the Middle Ages, though we are sometimes told that there were such. The Guild of Westminster was unique and had no compeer or successor. The societies of ringers which sprang up towards the end of the sisteenth century had their origin in the practice of ringing as a secular sport and were totally unconnected with any parochial organisation. Nor did they comprise more than a small and select part of the Exercise.

## MTSCFLLANEOUS.

WINDSOR, BERKS.-Om Thursday evening, December 14th, at Uhe Parish Clurrol of St. John the Beptist, a quarter-peal of Stedman Friples (Thurstbans') to commemorate the 44th birthany of His Majesty F. V. H. Sinkins ${ }^{2}$. W. Birminglham 2, T. Smith 3. W. W. Plipps 4, j. A. Giass 5, G. Bargus 6, E. S. T. Fars (conductor) F. Simmonds 8. Also 272 Bob Major, in which Sergt. Ford, of the Grenadier Guards, stationed at windsor, took part. Previous to the outbrenk of war Sergt. Ford whs a membiber of the Manchester Police Force.
SALISBURY.-At St. 3faztin's Churoll for morning service on Sunday, Decenber ioth, a quutter-peal of Grandsire Triples (1,260 changes) in 45 minutes 1 y J. Thompson 1, J. E. Figgures 2. A. Bnanete 3. A. Fry 4. W. A. Romaire 5, A. Southey 6, F. W. Romaine (conductor) 7 . W. Chalik 8 . This was also n birthiday coinplingent to the ringer of the 6th on his 7uth birthdar.
Streatham. -On Sunday, November 26th, for mornisg bersice at St. Leonard's Church, a quarter-pea? of Stedman Triples 11.280 changes) C. A. Button 1. T. W. Taffender (condituctor) 2. E. L. Miles 3. E. E. Bish 4. T. W. Wellourne 5, J. W. Chapman 6. T. H. Taffender 7. E. Wrikht 8. Rund as a birt hdav compliment to Mr. Janies George. MARSTON MAGNA, sOMFRSET.-At the Parish Church on Sntur. day, Novermber 25 th, a nuarter-peal of Stedman Fonhles: Percy N. G. Raincy (conductar) 1. Frederick I. Reeves 2. Willism A. Ostiorne 3 . Percy H. Wiiham 4. Thomas J. Setter 5, Gilbert C. Bugby 6. First ourarter-peat of Stedman Deubles br the ringers of $2,4,5$ and tenar. Runz fay the wedding of one of the lornl ringers.
WEST MROMWICE. On Sunday. November 19th, for eveneong at All Snints' Church, a auarter-pent of Grandsire Triptec (1.274 changes) tuken from Holt's Original Norman Hadlev 1. Wirliam Peart 2. William ParIridge 3, Herberi Howe 4. Frederick Horefield 5 Maurick G. Turner (conductor) 6. Abburt Mitls 7, Sanuel Loach 8. Rung as a hirthdat compliment to Messs. Herhert Howe and Samuel Loach.
watrord, herts.-On Sundar, November :2th, for Rememhrance Day service, a quarter-peal of Grandsire Tripies with the beils fulf-mugled : L. C. Wehb I, D. Lavd 2, A. W. Dix 3, F. Bullock 4 . S. H. Hoare (conductor) 5, F. H. Grook 6, R. G. Bell 7, D. Pearson 8.

## NOTICES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTICES of Meetings inserted under this heading is at tive rate of $3^{\mathrm{d}}$. per line (average 8 words) per insertion, with the minimum charge of $1 / 6$.

NOTICES must be received NOT LATER THAN MONDAY.

The Ringing World ' can be sent direct by post from the Editorial Office for 45 . per quarter.

All communications should be sent to The Editorial Office of "The Renging World," Lower Pyrford Road, Woking, Surrey.

GLOUCESTER AND BRISTOL DIOCESAN ASSO-CIATION,-South Forest Branch.-The annual meeting will be held at Lydney ( 8 bells) on Saturday, Dec. 3 oth, at 3.30 p.m. Election of officers for 1940, etc. Oliver Thomas, Branch Hon. Sec., [1, Victoria Road, Lydney, Glos.

ANCIENT SOCIETY OF COLLEGE YOUTHS. The next meeting will be held at headquarters, the Coffee Pot, on Tuesday, January 2nd. - A. B. Peck, Hon. Sec., Branksome, I, Eversfield Road, Reigate, Surrey.

DEVONSHIRE GUILD.-North-East Branch.- The annual meeting will be held at Tiverton on Saturday, January 6th. Bells (8) 2 p.rn. Time of service and tea will be announced at meetimg. It is necessary that those wishing to attend should notify me as soon as possible for the purpose of arranging tea.-R. Harris, Park, Silverton, near Exeter.

ST. MARTIN'S GULLD FOR THE DIOCESE OF BIRMINGHAM (Established ${ }^{1755}$ ). - Annuat meeting will be held at St. Martin's Chutch on Saturday, Jan. 6th. Further details regarding ringing, etc., in next week's issue.-T. H. Recves, Hon. Sec.
I.ONDON COUNTY ASSOCIATION AND NORTH SOUTHWARK DIOCESAN GUILD.-Ringing St., Clement Danes, Strand, Saturday, January 6th, 2.30 p.m., followed by quarterly meeting, also Sunday, January 7 th, at io a.m.-T. W. Taflender, Hon. Sec.

MIDLAND COUNTIES ASSOCIATION. - Burton District.-The annual district meeting will be held at Meashanl on Saturday, January 6th. Bells (8) available at $2.45 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. until $7.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Business important. It is hoped to arrange tea or light refreshment in Church Room at 4.45 p.m., but those intending to be present must notify me by Thursday, Jan. 4th. Hearty invitation to all. Frequent bus service from Birmingham, Tansworth and Nottingham.-J. W. Cotion, Overseal, Burton-on-Trent.
MIDDLESEX COUNTY ASSOCIATION AND LONDON DIOCESAN GUILD.-North and East District.A meeting will be held at St. Matthew's, Mount Pleasant Lane, L'pper Clapton, on Saturday, January 6th. Beils at $2.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. and also after business meeting. Tea at 5 p.m., notifications for which must be sent to me by Tuesday, Jan. 2nd. Handbells will be available.-T. J. Lock, Hon. Dis. Sec., 57 , Holloways Lane, North Minmms, Hatfield. Herts.

BATH AND WEIIS DIOCESAN ASSOCIATION. - A quarterly meeting will be held at LONG ASHTON on Saturday, Jan, Gith. Belts available 2 p.m. Service 4.30 p.m. Tea and meeting 5 p.m. Further ringing after the mecting.-J. T. Dyke, Hon. Sec., Chilcompton.

WINCHESTER AND PORTSMOUTH DIOCESAN GUII.D.-Winchester District. - The annual district meeting will be held at Winchester on Saturday, Jan. foth. Service at the Cathedral at 3 p.in., to be followed lyy business meeting and tea, at St. Maurice's Hall. The Cathedral and St. Maurice's Church loells will be avaitable from 1.45 to 3 p.m. It is particularly requested that those requiring tea shall notify me not later than Tuescay, Jan. 2nd.-W. G. Goodchid, Hon. Dis. Sec., 139, Stanmore Lanc, Winchester.

SALISBURY DIOCESAN GUILD.-Devizes Branch. The annual meeting will be held at St. John's, Devizes, on Janary 6th. Service at 5 p.m. Tea and merting to follow. It is essential that those requiring tea should notify the by January 4 th. -W. C. West, 584 , Semington Road, Melksham. Phone 297.

SALISBURY DIOCESAN GUILD. - Dorchester Branch. - The annual meeting will be held at Dorchester on Saturday, Jan. $3^{\text {th }}$. Bells at Charminster and Fordington available from 3 p.m., St. Peter's from 4. Service in St. Peter's Church ar 4.30. Tea in the Moule Institute, adjoining lordington Church, at 5.30 . Business meeting to lollow. Please notify by Tuesday, Jan. gth, how many we may expect.-C. H. Jennings, Hon. Sec., 3, Sunnyside Road, Wyke Regis, Weymouth.

BARNSLEY AND DISTRICT SOCIETY.- The amual general meering will be held at St. Mary's, Barnsley, on Saturday, Jan. 13 ih. Bells (8) available 2.30 to 5 p.m. Tea in Rectory Ronns, Hudclersfield Road, 5.15 p.m. followed by inisiness meeting. Those requiring teas must motify me not later than Thursday, Jan. 11th. All are weicome.-D. Smith, Hon. Sec., Rock Cottages, Shafton, near Barnsley.

SOCIETY OF ROYAL CUMBERLAND YOUTHS. -The annual general meeting will be held at St. Mar-tia's-in-the-Fields on January 20 th, at $4.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$., in the Vestry Hall. Bells available from 2.30 p.m. to 4 p.m. Owing to the present conditions no arrangements can be made for tea at this meeting.-G. W. Steere, Hon. Sec., 46, Milion Aventue, Sutton, Surrey,

BRISTOL UNITED RINGING GUILDS.-The Egth annual dinner will be held at the Grand Hotel, Broad Street, Bristol, on Saturday, January 2oth, at $5 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$, Tickets $4 / 6$ each. Chairman, Mr. W. Abrahams. The Very Rev. the Dean of Bristol is chief quest. Ringing at Temple Clurch I. 30 p.m. Annual meeting at St. Thomas' Chutch Room 2.30 p ma . Ringing at St. Nicholas' $3 \cdot 45$ p.m. Please obtain tickets early.-Edgar Guise, Hon. Secretary, 46a, Tankards Close, Bristol, 2.

NORTH STAFFORDSHIRE ASSOCIATION.-The third annual dinner will be held at the George Hotel, Burslem, Stoke-on-Trent, on Saturday, Feb. 3rd, at 6 p.m. Tickets, 4 s . eacll, may be obtained with remittance from Andrew Thompson (Hon, Secretary), 5.5 . Whitchouse Road, Cross Heath, Newcastle, Staffs, until jan. 18th. Ringing arrangements later.

HEREFORD CATHEDRAL.-Sunday, ringing 2 to 3 in afternoon; to to If every third Sunday in month.-W. H. Symonds.

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## CRANGES OF ADDRESS.

Will ringers picase note that the address of $\mathrm{Mr} . \mathrm{A} . \mathrm{C}$. Pankhurst, Hon. Sec. of Eastern Division, Sussex Association, is now 11, Salehurst Road, Old Town, Eastbourne.

The address of Mr. R. C. H. Connolly is now 27, Monmouth Road, Watford, Herts. Telephone No. 5660 .

## SUNDAY SERVICE TOUCHES

BISHOP'S STORTFORD HERTS. -At the Parisil Church of St. Michacl for evensong on Sunday, December 3rd, a quarter-pcal of Oxford Bob Triples (1,260 changes) : T. Ward I, R. Wood 2 , W. T. Prior 3. F. Bird (conductor) 4, H. Bird 5, H. M. Whito 6, E. Ansell 7, W. Wilkinson 8.
STRFATHAM. On Advent Sunday. December Jrd, at Einmanuel Church, a guarter-peal of Stedman Triples in 45 minutes: C. A. Button 1, T. H. Tuffender 2, H. G. Andrews 3, C. Pothecary 4, T. W. Welbourne 5, L. G. Franks 6, J. W. Clapman (conductor) 7, F. Eoprond 8.


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[^0]:    EALING.-On Sunday, November 20th, at St. Stephen'e, a quarturpeal of Stedman Triples in 42 minules: J. A. Trollope 1, J. E. Churchill 2, Miss I. Hastie 3, P. E. Clark 4, M. Stacey 5, E. C. S. Turnar 5 W. G. Witson (conductor) 7, F. Miller 8. A birthday comptiment to the ringer of the gecond.

